

COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION



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Council adopts EU wide rights to interpretation and translation in criminal proceedings

The Council adopted today EU wide rules on the rights to interpretation and translation in criminal proceedings (<u>PE-CONS 27/10</u>). An agreement has been reached with the European Parliament in first reading. Member states will now have to transpose the directive into national law.

The directive is based on an initiative taken by 13 Member States (Belgium, Germany, Estonia, Spain, France, Italy, Luxembourg, Hungary, Austria, Portugal, Romania, Finland and Sweden).

Enhanced rights - interpretation and translation

The directive will substantially enhance the rights for suspected and accused persons. They will in particular have the following rights:

- Right to interpretation
 - A suspected or accused person who does not understand or speak the language of the criminal proceedings concerned will be provided without delay with interpretation during criminal proceedings before investigative and judicial authorities, including during police questioning, during all court hearings and during any necessary interim hearings.
 - Where necessary for the purpose of ensuring the fairness of the proceedings, interpretation will also be available for communication between the suspected or accused person and his legal counsel in direct connection with any questioning or hearing during the proceedings or with the lodging of an appeal or other procedural applications, such as for bail.

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Right to translation

- A suspected or accused person who does not understand the language of the criminal proceedings concerned is provided with written translation of all documents which are essential to ensure that he is able to exercise the right to defend himself and to safeguard the fairness of the proceedings.
- Essential documents include decisions depriving a person of his liberty, the charge/indictment and any judgment. The competent authorities shall decide in any given case whether any other document is essential. The suspected or accused person or his legal counsel may submit a reasoned request to this effect.
- Passages of essential documents which are not relevant for the suspected or accused person to have knowledge of the case against him do not have to be translated.
- As an exception to the general rules, an oral translation or an oral summary
 of essential documents may be provided instead of a written translation, on
 condition that such oral translation or oral summary does not affect the
 fairness of the proceedings.

The directive also contains provisions on quality of interpretation and translation and on training of judges, prosecutors and judicial staff.

European Convention on Human Rights

The directive aims at achieving a more consistent implementation of the rights and guarantees set out in Article 6 of the European Convention on Human Rights, and to provide a further development within the European Union of the minimum standards set out in this Convention and in the EU Charter of Fundamental Rights.

Part of a wider package

The directive is the first concrete measure of the "Roadmap" for strengthening procedural rights of suspected and accused persons in criminal proceedings, which was adopted by the Council in November 2009 ¹. The Council unanimously agreed on this wider package of legislative and non-legislative initiatives in October 2009 (14552/1/09).

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OJ C 295, 4.12.2009, p. 1.

The roadmap identifies six main areas on which legislative or other initiatives are desirable over the coming months or years:

- translation and interpretation,
- information on rights and information about charges,
- legal advice and legal aid,
- communication with relatives, employers and consular authorities,
- special safeguards for suspected or accused persons who are vulnerable, and
- a green paper on pre-trial detention.

The proposal concerning information on rights and information about charges ('letter of rights') has been tabled by the Commission in July 2010 and is currently under discussion.

14414/10